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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/774,584	02/10/2004	Yao-Ching Stephen Chen	SVL920030107US1	9752
45727 7590 02/15/2008 IP AUTHORITY, LLC RAMRAJ SOUNDARARAJAN 4821A Eisenhower Ave			EXAMINER	
			SYED, FARHAN M	
Alexandria, VA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2165	
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			02/15/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.



·	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
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Office Action Summary	10/774,584	CHEN ET AL. Art Unit					
ome notion cummary	Examiner		.				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	Farhan M. Syed	2165	_				
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING C - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO te, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 (October 2007.						
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·							
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.). 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>27-41</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	S) Claim(s) <u>27-41</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) 27,33 and 39 is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price		า received in this National Stage					
application from the International Burea		t roceived					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	a or the certified copies no	t received.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 		v(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date (see Office Action). 6) Other:							

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Claims 1-26 are canceled.
- 2. Claims 27-41 are pending.

Response to Amendment

3. The Examiner acknowledges the cancellation of claims 1-26 in the Applicant's remarks filed 25 October 2007.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

4. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 25 October 2007 has been entered.

Information Disclosure Statement

5. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 25 October 2007 and06 December 2007 is being considered by the examiner.

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Specification

6. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required:

Claims 27, 33, and 39 recite "dummy items". The Examiner is unable to find support for dummy items in the Applicant's disclosure.

Claim 33 recites "a computer usable medium." The Examiner is unable to find support for computer usable medium in the Applicant's disclosure. However, the Examiner did note in Applicant's specification, see page 17, lines 15-18, that states "an article of manufacture comprising computer readable program code."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 7. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 8. Claims 27, 33, and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claims 27, 33, and 39 recite "e. sorting and patching ambiguity typing sequences with <u>dummy items</u>; f. creating a

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typing array by <u>concatenating</u> typing tuples in said sorted and patched ambiguity typing sequences."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 27-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by a non-patent literature titled "An Efficient XML Schema Typing System" by Wang, Nina and et al., pages 1-21, published 18 Nov. 2003 (previously presented and known hereinafter as Wang) in view of a non-patent literature titled "Extending Tree Automata to Model XML Validation Under Element and Attribute Constraints" by Bouchou B., et al, pages 184-190, published 23 March 2003 (see Applicant's IDS filed 06 December 2007, and known hereinafter as Bouchou).

As per claims 27, 33, and 39, Wang teaches a computer-based method for compiling a structured document schema into type annotation records comprising steps of: a. building a type hierarchy ordered tree from structured document with each type record node (i.e. "Figure 1 shows the architecture of the XML typing module implementation. The main components are a Generic XML Parser, a Scanner Pool, the XML Typing engine, and an XML Schema

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Compiler. The XML Schema compiler compiles an XML Schema to automata encoding storage format.")(Section 1.1) in said hierarchy ordered tree containing a typing tuple of the following format: <string value, type> (i.e. "<element name='street' type='xs:string'/>" The preceding text clearly illustrates the format <string_value, type>.)(see Figure 2); b. creating (i.e. "new" set T is introduced" The preceding text clearly indicates that creating is the introduction of new set T.)(section 3.1) a complete typing SET (T_s and T_c are sets)(section 3.4) which contains all typing tuples in said type hierarchy ordered tree (see sections 3.1 and 3.4); e. sorting said typing tuples in said SET by their first field, string value (see section 3.1); d. creating, from sorted tuples in (c), ambiguity typing sequences for tuples having a common first field, string value (i.e. "ambiguous types")(section 3.5.1); e. sorting and patching ambiguity typing sequences with dummy items (i.e. "type# + offset" The Examiner views offset with dummy items.)(section 3.5.1); f. creating a typing array by concatenating typing tuples in said sorted and patched ambiguity typing sequences (section 3.5.1); g. for each type record node, N, in created typing array, if the intersection of a set of tuples in N with any ambiguity typing sequence is not empty, then replacing first typing tuple in N by (string n, type_n, offset>, wherein offset represents a position of an ambiguity type in a given ambiguity typing sequence (see Figure 6 for illustration of aforementioned limitation)(see sections 3.5.1 and 3.5.2); h. creating an index structure (i.e. type directory)(see Figure 9) to link each string_value to its type (see Figure 9); and i. outputting said created index structure (i.e. "runtime engine")(see section 4, Implementation Overview).

Wang does not explicitly teach hierarchy ordered tree.

Bouchou teaches hierarchy ordered tree (i.e. XML tree)(see Figure 1).

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It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to modify the teachings of Wang with the teachings of Bouchou to include hierarchy ordered tree with the motivation to efficiently validate an XML document or document fragment against an XML Schema and annotate it with type information (Wang, abstract).

As per claims 28 and 34, Wang teaches a computer-based method, wherein said structured document schema is an XML document schema (i.e. "XML document and XML Schema")(section 1).

As per claims 29, 35, and 40, Wang teaches a computer-based method, wherein said string_value is any of the following: a type name, element name or attribute name (i.e. "<element name='street' type='xs:string'/>")(see Figure 2).

As per claims 30 and 36, Wang teaches a computer-based method, wherein said index structure is any of the following: hash table, binary tree, or B+ tree (see Figure 9).

As per claim 31 and 41, Wang teaches a computer-based method, wherein said computer-based method is implemented in a database (i.e. "XML Database system")(section 1).

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As per claims 32 and 38, Wang does not explicitly teach a computer-based method, wherein said sorting of said typing tuples in said SET by their first field, string value is based an alphabetical sort.

Bouchou teaches a computer-based method, wherein said sorting of said typing tuples in said SET by their first field, string_value is based an alphabetical sort (see DTD definition)(section 2).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to modify the teachings of Wang with the teachings of Bouchou to include a computer-based method, wherein said sorting of said typing tuples in said SET by their first field, string_value is based an alphabetical sort with the motivation to efficiently validate an XML document or document fragment against an XML Schema and annotate it with type information (Wang, abstract).

As per claim 37, Wang teaches an article of manufacture, wherein said arranging step is further comprised of: collecting each third field of said typing tuples and sorting said typing tuples in said ambiguity sequence with respect to third field of said typing tuple (see sections 3.5.1 and 3.5.2).

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Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Farhan M. Syed whose telephone number is 571-272-7191. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christian Chace can be reached on 571-272-4190. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/FMS

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